

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 378

BY SENATORS TRUMP, CARMICHAEL, WILLIAMS, ASHLEY,
GAUNCH, LEONHARDT, PALUMBO, ROMANO, MILLER,
BOSO, STOLLINGS, SYPOLT, BLAIR AND PLYMALE

[Introduced January 25, 2016;

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §18-8-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
2 to truancy intervention; and defining excused and unexcused absences.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That §18-8-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted
2 to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

**§18-8-4. Duties of attendance director and assistant directors; complaints, warrants and
hearings.**

1 (a) The county attendance director and the assistants shall diligently promote regular
2 school attendance. The director and assistants shall:

3 (1) Ascertain reasons for unexcused absences from school of students of compulsory
4 school age and students who remain enrolled beyond the compulsory school age as defined
5 under section one-a of this article; and

6 (2) Take such steps as are, in their discretion, best calculated to encourage the attendance
7 of students and to impart upon the parents and guardians the importance of attendance and the
8 seriousness of failing to do so; ~~and.~~

9 ~~(3)~~ (b) For the purposes of this article, the following definitions shall apply:

10 ~~(A)~~ (1) ~~A~~Excused absence@ ~~shall be defined to include~~ includes:

11 ~~(+)(A)~~ Personal illness or injury of the student, or in the family if such illness or injury
12 prohibits a student from meaningful attendance at school: *Provided*, That such illness or injury
13 does not constitute an excused absence if it can be reasonably accommodated by the school:
14 *Provided, however:* That a student must provide a written excuse stating the illness or injury from
15 a medical provider when a student's illness or injury caused that the student to be absent for three
16 or more consecutive days of school, or ten days in any thirty-day period;

17 (B) Personal illness or injury of a member of the student's family who regularly resides

18 with the student: *Provided*, That such personal illness or injury only qualifies as an excused
 19 absence if the family member requires the active assistance of the student during the illness or
 20 injury, and there is no other individual who can assist the family member: *Provided, however*, That
 21 any such absence lasting longer than five days will not be considered excused unless
 22 accompanied by a note from a medical provider confirming that the student's absence from school
 23 is necessary for the ongoing care of the family member.

24 ~~(ii)~~(C) Medical or dental appointment with written excuse from ~~physician or dentist~~ the
 25 medical or dental provider;

26 ~~(iii)~~(D) Chronic medical condition or disability that impacts attendance: *Provided*, That if a
 27 student suffers from a chronic medical condition or disability that can be reasonably
 28 accommodated by the school, it does not constitute an excused absence: *Provided, however*,
 29 That a student claiming that his or her chronic medical condition or disability impacts his or her
 30 attendance at school must provide a written excuse from a medical provider stating that the
 31 chronic medical condition or disability necessitates that the student miss school;

32 ~~(iv)~~(E) Participation in home or hospital instruction due to an illness or injury or other
 33 extraordinary circumstance that warrants home or hospital confinement;

34 ~~(v)~~(F) Calamity, such as a fire or flood;

35 ~~(vi)~~(G) Death in the immediate family, to include mother, father, siblings, grandparents,
 36 guardian or caregiver. This excuse is limited to three days per occurrence;

37 ~~(vii)~~(H) School-approved or county-approved curricular or extra-curricular activities;

38 ~~(viii)~~(I) Judicial obligation or court appearance involving the student, verified by legal
 39 excuse from an attorney, probation officer, judge, magistrate or DHHR worker;

40 ~~(ix)~~(J) Military requirement for students enlisted or enlisting in the military;

41 ~~(x)~~(K) Personal or academic circumstances approved by the principal;

42 (L) School suspensions resulting in absence; and

43 ~~(xi)~~(M) Such other situations as may be further determined by the county board: *Provided*,

44 That absences of students with disabilities shall be in accordance with the Individuals with
45 Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 and the federal and state regulations adopted in
46 compliance therewith.

47 (B)(2) An unexcused absence shall be any absence not specifically included in the
48 definition of an excused absence.

49 (c) All excuses must be turned into the school no later than five days after the occurrence.

50 ~~(b) In the case of three total unexcused absences of a student during a school year, the~~
51 ~~attendance director or assistant shall serve written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of~~
52 ~~the student that the attendance of the student at school is required and that if the student has five~~
53 ~~unexcused absences, a conference with the principal or other designated representative will be~~
54 ~~required.~~

55 ~~(e)(d)~~ In the case of five total unexcused absences, the attendance director or assistant
56 shall serve written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of the student that within five days
57 of receipt of the notice the parent, guardian or custodian, accompanied by the student, shall report
58 in person to the school the student attends for a conference with the principal or other designated
59 representative of the school in order to discuss and correct the circumstances causing the
60 unexcused absences of the student, including the adjustment of unexcused absences based upon
61 such meeting.

62 ~~(d)(e)~~ In the case of ten total unexcused absences of a student during a school year, the
63 attendance director or assistant shall make complaint against the parent, guardian or custodian
64 before a magistrate of the county. If it appears from the complaint that there is probable cause to
65 believe that an offense has been committed and that the accused has committed it, a summons
66 or a warrant for the arrest of the accused shall issue to any officer authorized by law to serve the
67 summons or to arrest persons charged with offenses against the state. More than one parent,
68 guardian or custodian may be charged in a complaint. Initial service of a summons or warrant

69 issued pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be attempted within ten calendar days of
70 receipt of the summons or warrant and subsequent attempts at service shall continue until the
71 summons or warrant is executed. ~~or until the end of the school term during which the complaint~~
72 ~~is made, whichever is later.~~

73 ~~(e)~~(f) The magistrate court clerk, or the clerk of the circuit court performing the duties of
74 the magistrate court as authorized in section eight, article one, chapter fifty of this code, shall
75 assign the case to a magistrate within ten days of execution of the summons or warrant. The
76 hearing shall be held within twenty days of the assignment to the magistrate, subject to lawful
77 continuance. The magistrate shall provide to the accused at least ten days= advance notice of
78 the date, time and place of the hearing.

79 ~~(f)~~(g) When any doubt exists as to the age of a student absent from school, the attendance
80 director and assistants have authority to require a properly attested birth certificate or an affidavit
81 from the parent, guardian or custodian of the student, stating age of the student. In the
82 performance of his or her duties, the county attendance director and assistants have authority to
83 take without warrant any student absent from school in violation of the provisions of this article
84 and to place the student in the school in which he or she is or should be enrolled.

85 ~~(g)~~(h) The county attendance director and assistants shall devote such time as is required
86 by section three of this article to the duties of attendance director in accordance with this section
87 during the instructional term and at such other times as the duties of an attendance director are
88 required. All attendance directors and assistants hired for more than two hundred days may be
89 assigned other duties determined by the superintendent during the period in excess of two
90 hundred days. The county attendance director is responsible under direction of the county
91 superintendent for efficiently administering school attendance in the county.

92 ~~(h)~~(i) In addition to those duties directly relating to the administration of attendance, the
93 county attendance director and assistant directors also shall perform the following duties:

94 (1) Assist in directing the taking of the school census to see that it is taken at the time and

95 in the manner provided by law;

96 (2) Confer with principals and teachers on the comparison of school census and
97 enrollment for the detection of possible nonenrollees;

98 (3) Cooperate with existing state and federal agencies charged with enforcing child labor
99 laws;

100 (4) Prepare a report for submission by the county superintendent to the state
101 superintendent of Schools on school attendance, at such times and in such detail as may be
102 required. The state board shall promulgate a legislative rule pursuant to article three-b, chapter
103 twenty-nine-a of this code that sets forth student absences that are excluded for accountability
104 purposes. The absences that are excluded by the rule include, but are not limited to, excused
105 student absences, students not in attendance due to disciplinary measures and absent students
106 for whom the attendance director has pursued judicial remedies to compel attendance to the
107 extent of his or her authority. The attendance director shall file with the county superintendent and
108 county board at the close of each month a report showing activities of the school attendance office
109 and the status of attendance in the county at the time;

110 (5) Promote attendance in the county by compiling data for schools and by furnishing
111 suggestions and recommendations for publication through school bulletins and the press, or in
112 such manner as the county superintendent may direct;

113 (6) Participate in school teachers= conferences with parents and students;

114 (7) Assist in such other ways as the county superintendent may direct for improving school
115 attendance;

116 (8) Make home visits of students who have excessive unexcused absences, as provided
117 above, or if requested by the chief administrator, principal or assistant principal; and

118 (9) Serve as the liaison for homeless children and youth.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to clarify what constitutes an excused absence, and to ensure that the various excused absences are described with sufficient specificity to enable enforcement of these provisions by the courts.

This bill was recommended for introduction by the Joint Committee on the Judiciary that met during the 2015-2016 Interim session.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.